CONTENTS

REVIEWED ARTICLES

- **Modeling the Effect of Nail Corrosion on the Lateral Strength of Joints** by Samuel L. Zelinka and Douglas R. Rammer
- **167** [Technical Note] A Comparison of Geometry Effect on Tensile Testing of Wood Strands by Neil Kohan, Brian K. Via, and Steven Taylor
- **171 Effect of Moisture Sorption State on Vibrational Properties of Wood** by Jianxiong Lu, Jiali Jiang, Yiqiang Wu, Xianjun Li, and Zhiyong Cai
- 177 Protocol Comparison: Laboratory versus Natural Weathering Tests for Performance Evaluation of Coatings on Preservative-Treated Wood by Mojgan Nejad, Tony Ung, and Paul Cooper
- **184** Effects of Outdoor Exposure Angle on the Deterioration of Wood-Based Board Properties by Hideaki Korai, Noboru Sekino, and Hiroshi Saotome
- 191 Examination of the Specimen Configuration and Analysis Method in the Flexural and Longitudinal Vibration Tests of Solid Wood and Wood-Based Materials by Hiroshi Yoshihara
- **201 Dynamic Mechanical Properties of Polymeric Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate/Bio-Oil Adhesive System** by An Mao and Sheldon Q. Shi
- 207 Effects of Melamine on the Properties of Medium-Density Fiberboard Fabricated with Urea-Based Resins by Sang-Min Lee, Jong-Young Park, Sang-Bum Park, and Won-Joung Hwang
- **214** China's Wood Furniture Manufacturing Industry: Industrial Cluster and Export Competitiveness by Yang Hongqiang, Ji Chunyi, Nie Ying, and Hong Yinxing
- 222 A Productivity and Cost Comparison of Two Systems for Producing Biomass Fuel from Roadside Forest Treatment Residues by Nathaniel Anderson, Woodam Chung, Dan Loeffler, and John Greg Jones
- 234 Effect of *Pinus radiata* Bark Polyphenols on Phenol Liquefaction of Cellulose in the Presence of *p*-Toluene Sulfonic Acid Catalyst by Sung Phil Mun, Jeong Phil Jang, and Moon G. Kim

ERRATUM

In the article "Borate and Imidacloprid Treatment of Ash Logs Infested with the Emerald Ash Borer" by Nzokou et al., Forest Products Journal 56(5):78–81, an incorrect factor was used to convert the DOT% (percent disodium octaborate tetrahydrate) to BAE (boric acid equivalent). The correct conversion factor is BAE = $1.2 \times \%$ DOT, because boric acid is 56% boric oxide and DOT is 67% boric oxide. The corrected version of Table 1 is below. Changed values are shown in **bold**.

Table 1.—Borate and imidacloprid concentrations evaluated to reduce EAB emergence from infested ash logs maintained indoors.^a

Insecticide Borate		Concentration tested			
)	
	DOT	6.60	4.90	2.45	1.22
	BAE	7.92	5.88	2.94	1.46
Imidacloprid		0.05	0.03	0.02	0.01

^a DOT = disodium octaborate tetrahydrate; BAE = boric acid equivalent.

References to BAE in Tables 2 and 3, and throughout the text of the article, should be modified according to the changes shown in the corrected version of Table 1 presented here.

158 Vol. 62, No. 3, 2012